Philippe Manoury K... 2001 Portage to Max 5 - 2009 2009

ircam E Centre Pompidou

The setup and the execution of the electroacoustic part of this work requires a Computer Music Designer (Max expert).

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Work related information

Performance details

• March 7, 2001, Paris, Opéra National de Paris

Publisher : Durand

Detailed staff

- soloists: 2 solo sopranos, solo mezzo-soprano, 5 solo tenors, 4 solo baritones, solo bass voice
- 3 flutes (also 1 piccolo), 3 oboes (also 1 English horn), 3 clarinets (also 1 E-flat clarinet, 1 bass clarinet), 3 bassoons (also 1 contrabassoon), 4 horns, 4 trumpets (also 1 flugerlhorn), 3 trombones, tuba, 3 percussionists, 4 timpani, 2 harp, piano (also electronic/MIDI keyboard/synthesizer), celesta, 14 violins, 12 second violins, 10 violas, 8 cellos, 6 double basses

Realisation

• Serge Lemouton

Useful links on Brahms

- K... opera in twelve scenes, for solo voices, orchestra and live electronics (2000-2001), 1h20mn
- Philippe Manoury

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Documentalist

Carlo Laurenzi (Carlo.Laurenzi@ircam.fr)

You noticed a mistake in this documentation or you were really happy to use it? Send us feedback!

Realisation

- Serge Lemouton (Computer Music Designer)
- Carlo Laurenzi (Computer Music Designer)

Version length: 1 h 41 mn Default work length: 1 h 20 mn

Upgrade Motivation

This version of "K..." is a Max Msp 5 upgrade of the original 2001 JMax patch. The Opéra was premiered at the Opéra Bastille in Paris in 2001, then played again, still at Bastille, in 2003. At the time, two powerful SGI (Silicon Graphics) computers were needed, while today a single MacBookPro 2.33 Ghz can run the entire Max 5 patch.

Comment

The electronic equipment list has also been updated to newer technologies.

Other version(s)

• Philippe Manoury - K... - transfert_mustica_ftp (April 14, 2010)

IRCAM

Electronic equipment list

Computer Music Equipment

- 1 MacBook Pro *Apple Laptops* (Apple) Minimum Requirements: Core 2 duo 2.33Ghz, 2 Gb Ram, HD 7200 rpm
- 1 network *Network/Communication* Fiber Optic System, to pass midi data from the midi keyboard in the orchestra pit to the Fireface 800 soundcard
- 1 Max/MSP *Max* (Cycling74) version 5
- 1 Fireface 800 Sound Board (RME)
- 2 KX 88 *MIDI Keyboard* (Yamaha) Midi Keyboard
- 1 BCF 2000 *MIDI Mixer* (Behringer) Midi Mixer
- 2 Studio +2 *MIDI Interfaces* (Opcode) Midi to Optical translator
- 2 Booster *Booster* Midi Booster

Audio Equipment

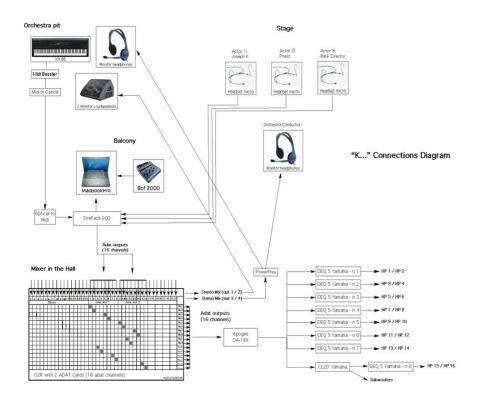
- 4 Dynamic microphone *Dynamic Microphones* 4 Condenser microphones
- 3 DPA 4065 *Condenser Microphones* (DPA) Microphone for the 3 main actors onstage
- 1 POWERPLAY PRO-XL HA4700 Headphone Amplifier (Behringer)
- 16 Loudspeaker *Loudspeakers* 16 Channels loudspeakers system
- 1 Loudspeaker *Loudspeakers* 2 loudspeakers (monitors) for the keyboard player and orchestra (in the orchestra pit)
- 1 DA-16X *Digital Converters* (Apogee) Digital to Analog converters (16 channels)
- 1 DM2000 *Digital Mixers* (Yamaha) With 2 ADAT cards (+ 16 channels digital inputs / outputs)
- 1 C20 *Effects Processor* (Yamaha) Digital Crossover
- 8 DEQ5 *Equalizers* (Yamaha) Graphic / Parametric 30 band Stereo output Equalizer

Files

File	Туре	Author(s)	Comment
K-MAX5.dmg	Patch		
K Prologue - 8 piste.dmg	Recording(s)		Prologue - 8 tracks
P Manoury - K - 2009 enregistrements.dmg	Recording(s)		recording of Prologue and Scene 9 (electronics only)

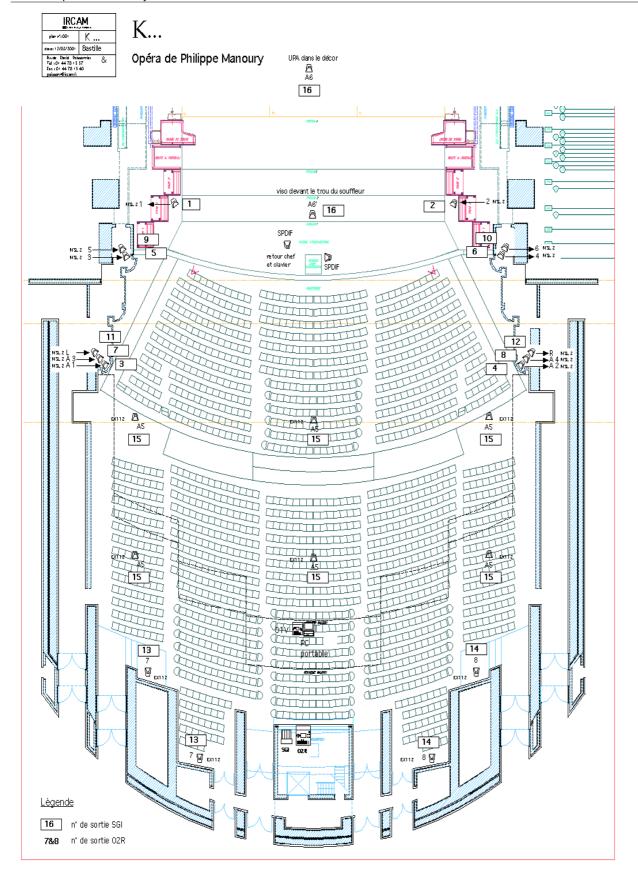
Instructions

Audio setup

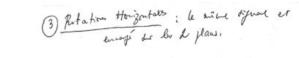


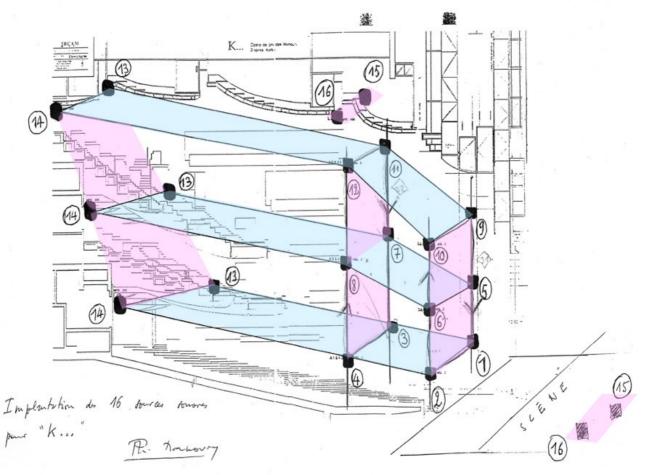
Connections diagram

Loudspeaker setup



Concert Hall map with Loudspeakers System Setup

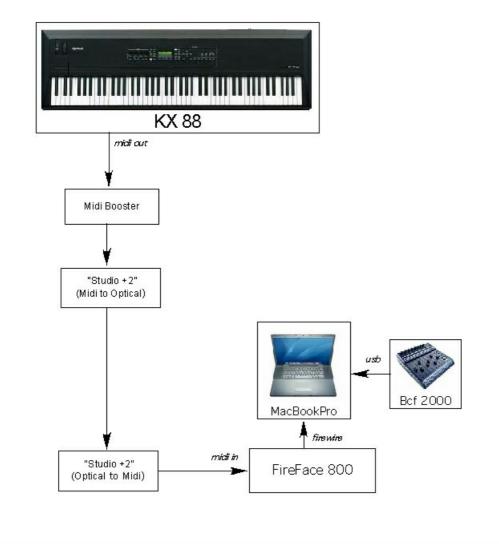




Drawing made by Manoury showing the implementation of the 16 channels sound system

The 16 channels sound system setup is thought as a combination of both three horizontal layers (top, middle, bottom) and three vertical layers (front, middle, back), plus two couples of extensions, towards the ceiling and beyond the front. Three Spat~ (Ircam) modules (together or one by one) are used for spatialization. Furthermore, a panning system is used to perform several kinds of trajectories along the channels system's structure.

Midi setup



Midi Setup: Mixer Midi -> assign port "a" Midi Keyboard -> assign port "b"

Midi Channels: Mixer midi: ch 1 to 8 Midi Keyboard: ch 9

Software installation

Open Max "File Preferences" panel and add a new path to the folder "K-MAX5".

Look into "Externals" folder. All the externals in that folder must be installed (if they haven't already been installed before).

DSP Status: I/O Vector Size 512 ; Signal Vector Size 64

Max Scheduler "Overdrive" and "Audio Interrupt", must both be turned ON.

--- CPU Load on a MacBookPro 2.33 Ghz, 2Gb ram, 100 Gb Hd 7200 rpm, Osx 10.4.11, Spat 3.4.11 : 48% ---

Initialization routine

Open "Ksyn10.maxpat"

Click on "INIT", then press "0" (initial scene number)

Turn on the DAC.

The first note from the keyboard player's score will trigger the starting of the piece.

Rehearsal

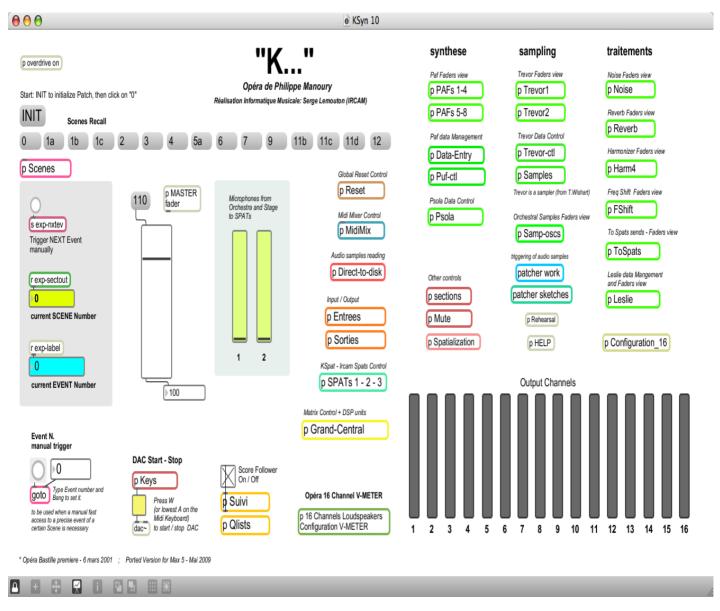
During rehearsals, use the "Goto" automatic system to scroll through the different Events of a single Scene.

To rehearse every Scene from the beginning, first click INIT, then click on the number of the scene to rehearse. The keyboard player will trigger the starting of the scene.

To skip events (one by one), press the space bar.

To reset the patch, click "INIT".

Patch presentation



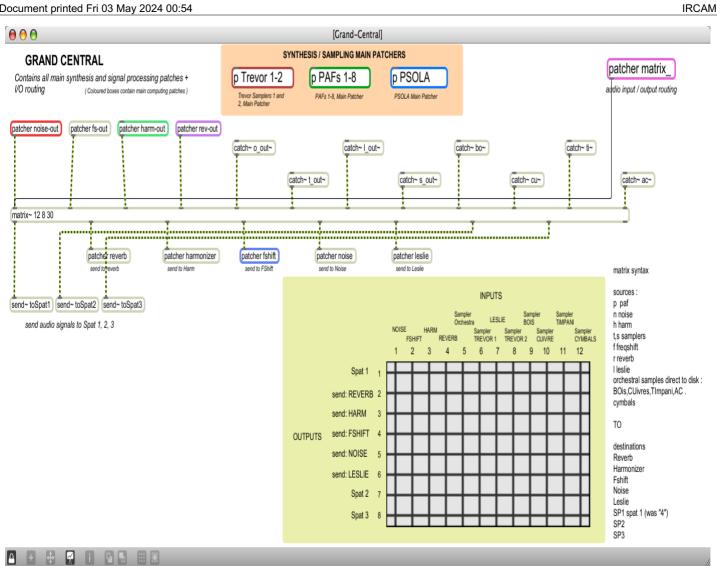
Main Patch screenshot

The left half of the screen contains mainly subpatches dedicated to synthesis computing and audio processing (all the variously coloured boxes), while the right side contains mostly subpatches (green boxes) dedicated to faders views related to synthesis and processings.

Apart the 16 output channel v-meter on the right bottom side, there's another v-meter showing the configuration of the 16 channels system and their related levels (double click on "p 16 Channels Loudpeakers Configuration v-meter" green box).

The Patcher "Work" contains subpatches made by Manoury himself, most of them responsibles for triggering of some soundfiles.

Matrix presentation

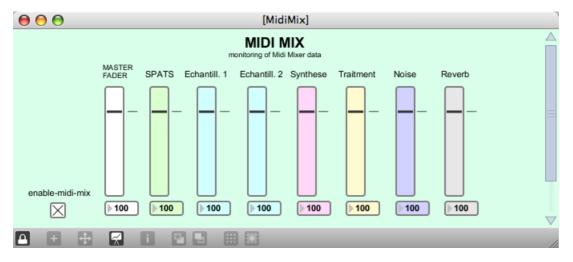


At the top center of the page there's an orange area which contains the main computing patchers for sampling (Trevor 1 and 2) and synthesis (PAFs 1-8; Psola).

At the bottom right, the matrix control.

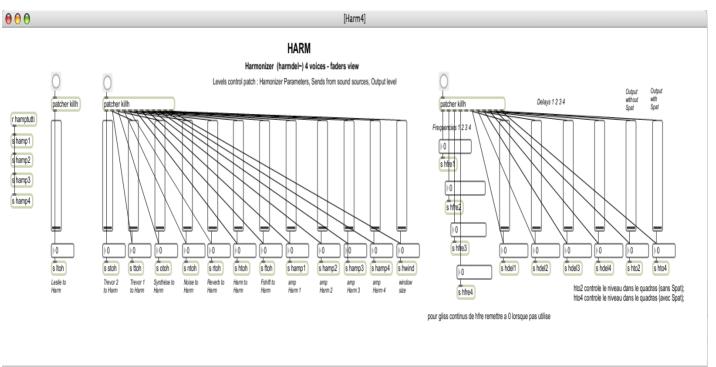
In the middle, the coloured patchers boxes contain the main computing patches for some audio signal treatment (noise, reverb, harmonizer, pitchshifter, leslie).





Opening K main patch launches the "midi mix" window, which shows midi mixer's faders values.

Faders views related to synthesis and processings



IRCAM

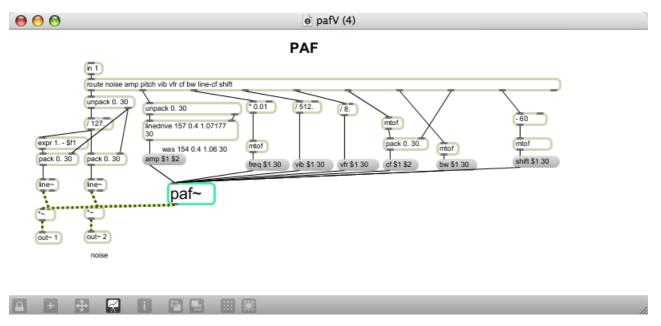
Screenshot showing faders view related to the Harmonizers (harmdel~ module).

Inputs and outputs level, sends, transposition frequencies and all other parameters related to the harmonizer are shown.

As a rule of thumb for all these patchers dedicated to faders view, data messages, mostly coming from the qlists, are first received inside "kill.. patcher", then they are sent to main computing patchers, and finally to faders view.

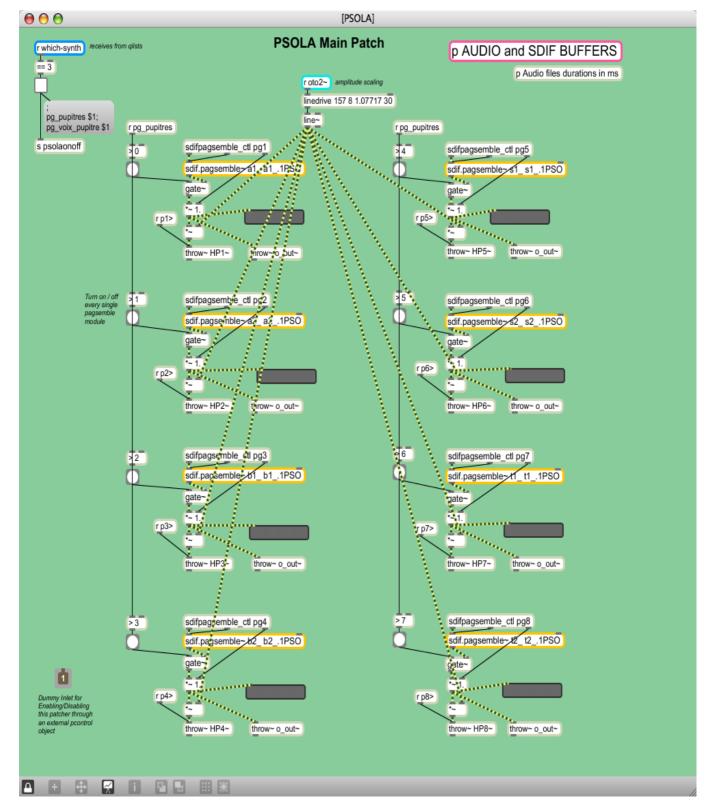
Synthesis and Processing techniques

Synthesis and Signal Processing tecniques used in "K..." are: **PAF**, **PSOLA** (for choir synthesis), **Sampling**, **Reverberation**, **Harmonizer**, **Delay**, **Leslie**, **Non linear distortion**, **Frequency shift**.



screenshot of a PAF instance

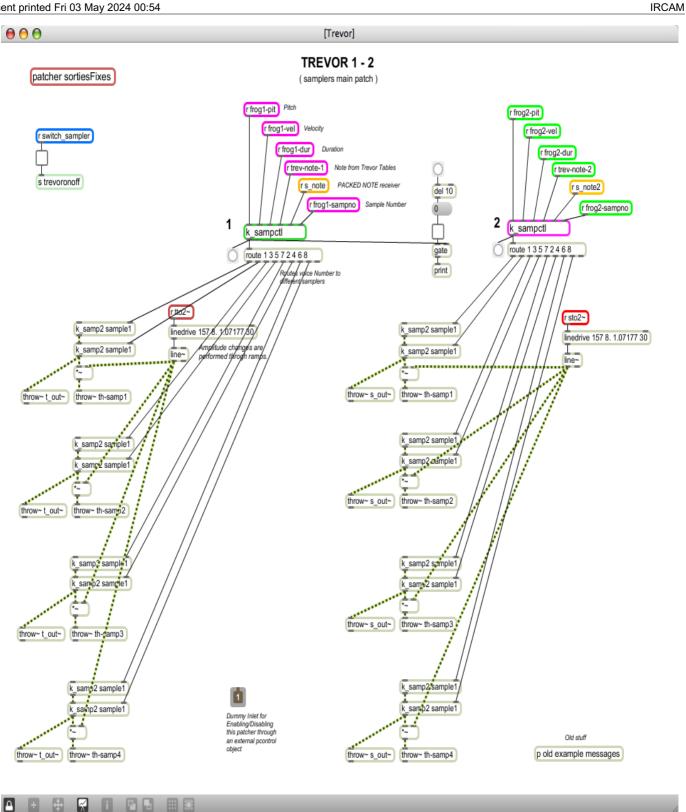
In this version of K, the original Jmax external called "PmPaf~", especially created for Manoury, has been replaced with Miller Puckette's "Paf~" external. Moreover, Paf sounds are here enriched by a nonlinear distorsion process based on a noise sample. (direct and distorted signals are independent)



a screenshot of PSOLA (for choir synthesis) patcher

The original Jmax external for Psola based choir syntesis, "Psgroup~", has been replaced here by "sdif.pagsemble~", which reads 1PSO.sdif description files instead of .mat5 files (matlab).

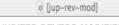
A sound example of a Choir synthesized with PSOLA (4 groups of 4 singers, synchronized)

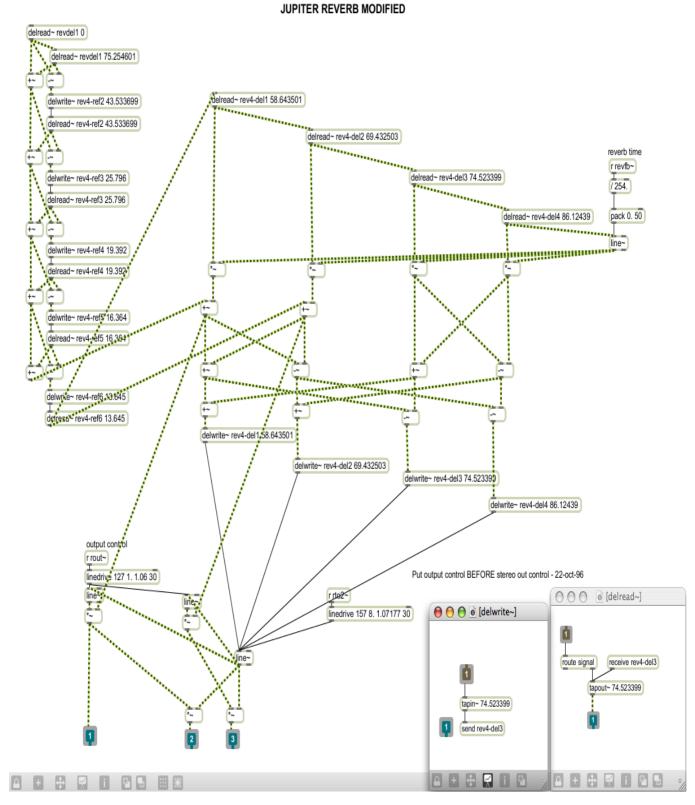


screenshot of sampling main patch (Trevor, from Trevor Wishart)

There are 2 sampling engines, Trevor 1 and Trevor 2. Each has a separate fader on the mixer midi.

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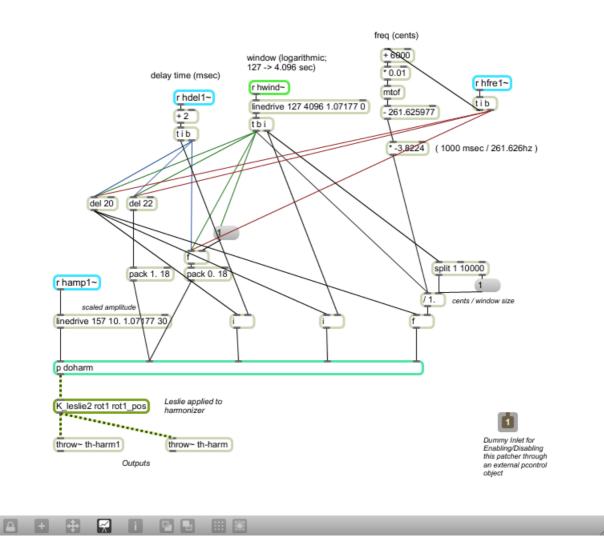


screenshot of the Reverberation algorithm used in "K ... ". It was previously used in Manoury's piece "Jupiter"

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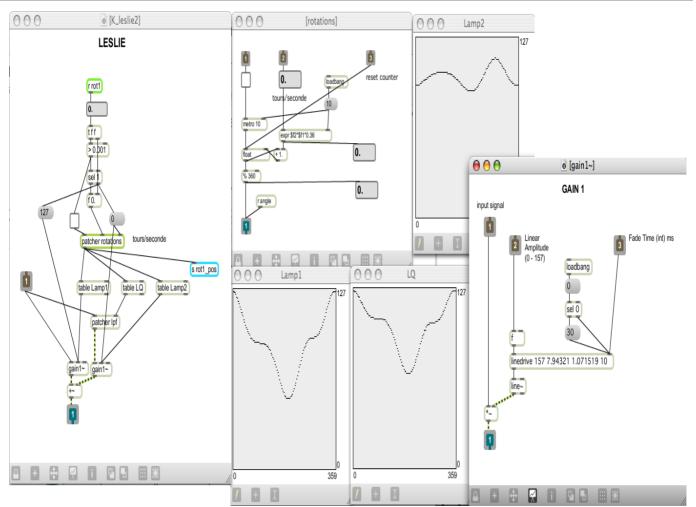
[harmdel_2009~]

HARMDEL + Leslie

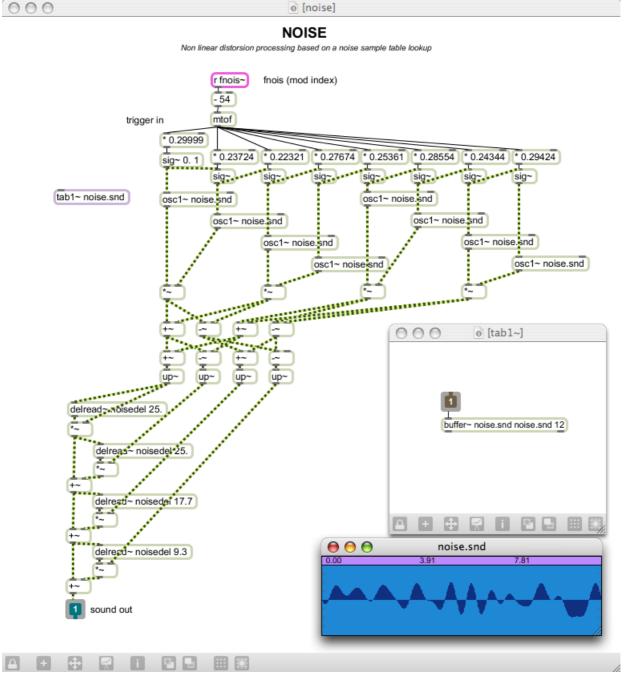


screenshot of Harmonizer main patcher

Delay audio processing is calculated by the harmonizer algorithm itself. A Leslie effect is applied at the end.

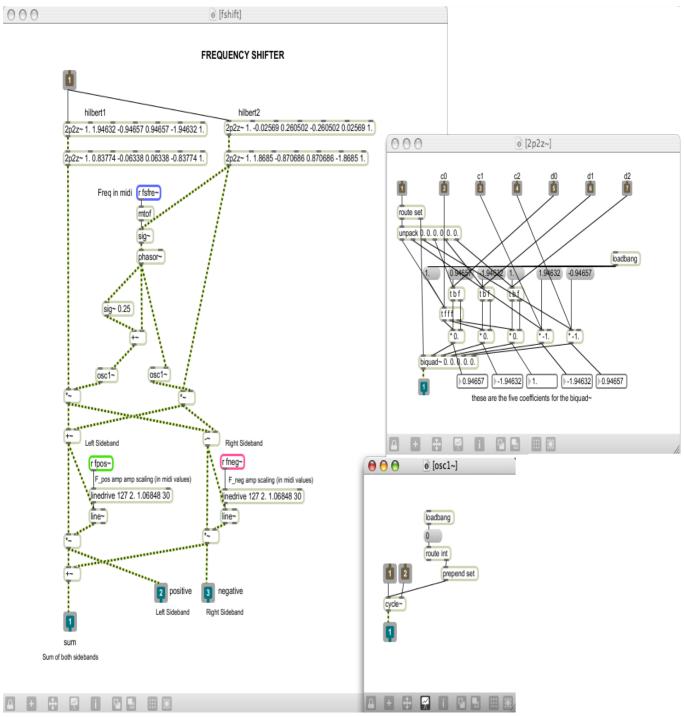


screenshot of Leslie effect, with tables and subpatches



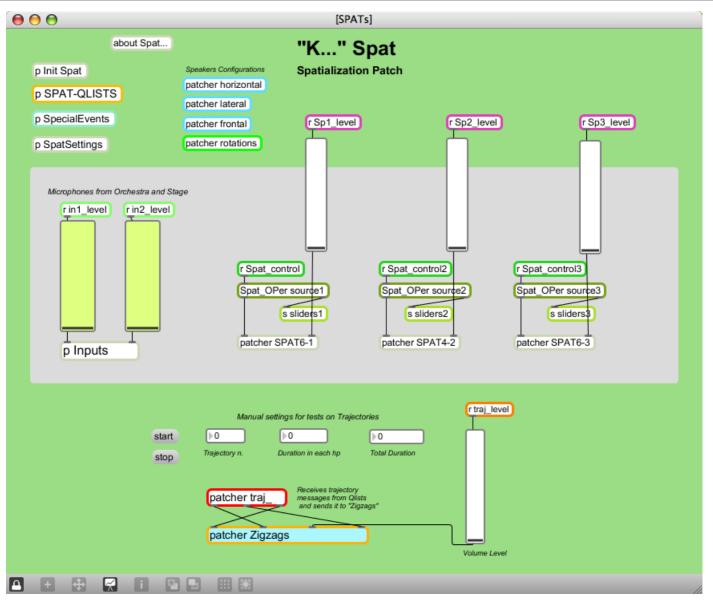
sceenshot of non-linear distorsion patch, based on a noise sample





screenshot of Frequency Shifter algorithm

Spatialization using SPAT (IRCAM)

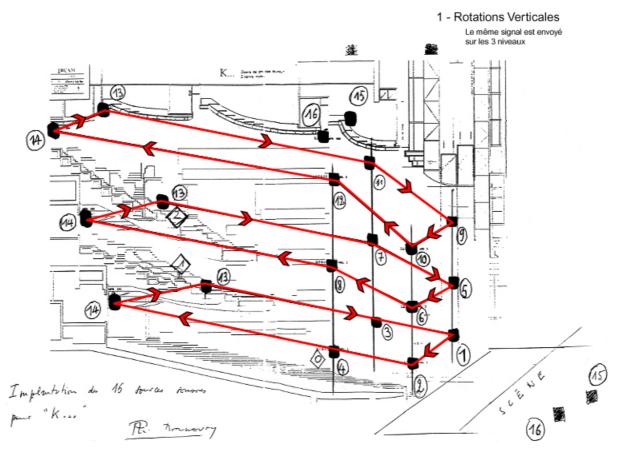


The SPATs patcher for K

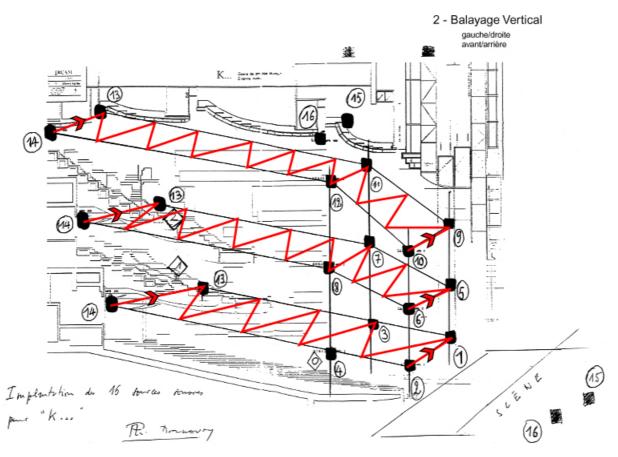
In 2001, this SPATs patcher had to be run on another machine (sync'ed with the main computer), because of its high cpu load. On the top half sends values for the three Spats (first has 6 chs, 2nd has 4 chs, third has 6 chs) and for the two stage inputs are shown. The bottom half contains the patchers implemented to perform trajectories along the 16 channels system structure. A Manual choice of trajectory number and partial / total durations is avalable for test purposes.

Spatial Trajectories

During the Opéra, different kinds of spatial trajectories are performed along the 16 channels structure:



Rotations on the three horizontal planes (top, middle, bottom)



Pingpong movements on the three different planes, at the same time, moving forward and backwards

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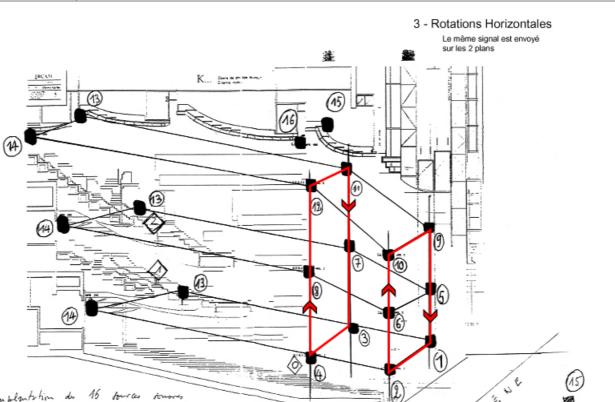
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Rotations on the first two horizontal planes (front, middle)

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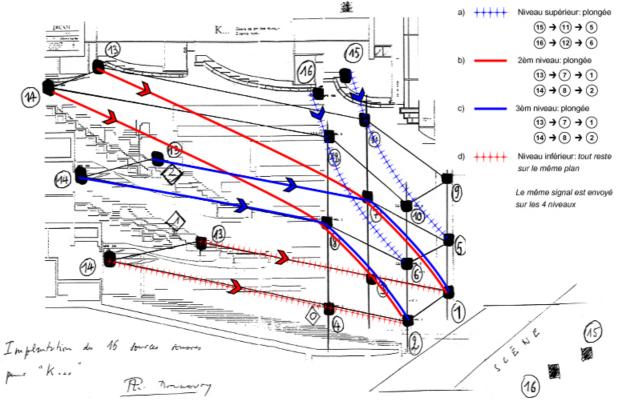


Trajectory on all planes at the same time, starting from the back to the front, with a final falling down towards the bottom of the stage

5 -Trajet arrière -> avant avec plongée

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0	0	0

[COLLs]

COLL objects for Trajectories

L	R	retourchariot (machine a é	crire)	rotation reguliere sur 4			rotation sur un plan vertical frontal (cadre de scËne)
20	ĸ	coll LRB 1	1	1	coll circle01 1	13	13	coll circle31 1
21	20	coll LRM 1			rotation irreguliere sur 4			rotation sur un plan vertical frontal (draperies)
	21	coll LRH 1	2	2	coll circle02 1	14	14	coll circle32 1
22		coll LRM2 1			1 a 16 dans l'ordre			bas-haut-avant
	22	coll LRH2 1	3	3	coll circle03 1			coll R41 1
					rotation reguliere sur 6	15	15	coll L41 1
19	19	coll spi1-15 1	4	6	coll circleB10 1			bas-haut-milieu
23	23	coll spi10-3 1	5	4	coll circleM11 1			coll R42 1
24	24	coll spi9-1 1	6	5	coll circleH12 1	16	16	coll L42 1
25	25	coll spi1-9 1			avant-arriere-bas			haut-bas-avant
26	26	coll spi9-15 1	7		coll L21 1	17	17	coll L43 1
07			7	7	coll R21 1			coll R43 1
27		coll accB 1			avant-arriere-milieu			haut-bas-milieu
28	27	coll accM 1	8		coll L22 1	18	18	Coll L44 1
	28	coll accH 1	23	8	coll R22 1			coll R44 1
					avant-arriere-haut			
			9		coll L23 1			simple ping-pong
			9	9	coll R23 1			coll pingpong 1
					arriere-avant-bas			
				12	coll R24 1			
			10		coll L24 1			
				10	coll R25 1			
			11		coll L25 1			
				11	coll R26 1			
			12		coll L26 1			

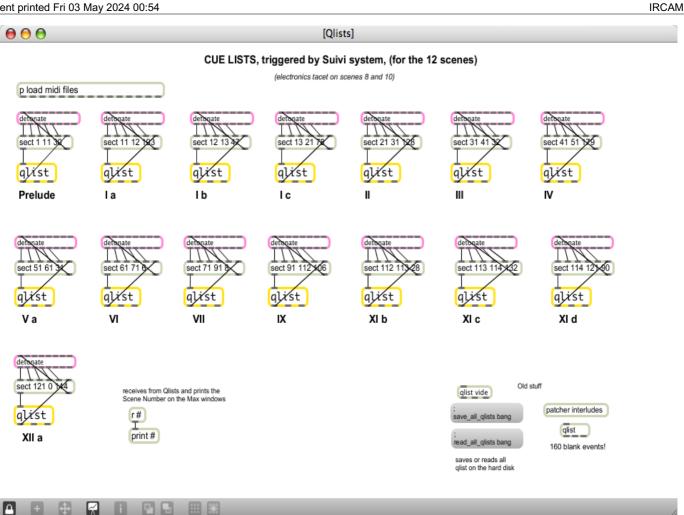
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patcher containing the colls describing all the spatial trajectories implemented

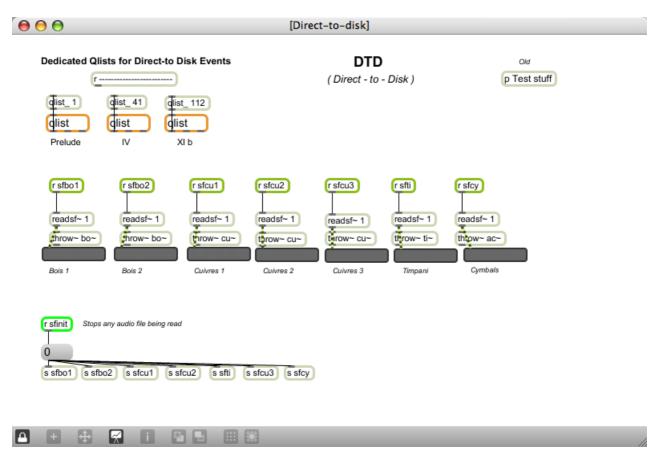
Qlists

In "K..." 3 kinds of Qlists are used.

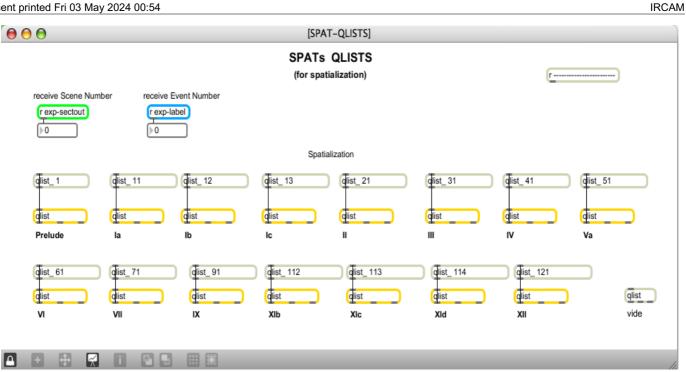
The 1st for all major Events and Scene changes:



the 2nd for Direct-to-Disk samples triggering:



the 3rd for SPATs and Spatial Trajectories event-related cues triggering:



Troubleshooting

If glissandi don't sound right, or they're too slow, check overdrive and audio interrupt on on Max5 "DSP Options" panel.

The PROLOGUE - excerpt from the Opéra

This excerpt shows how PAFs, samplers, harmonizer, delay, leslie, reverb should sound. (Psola synthesis is not used here)

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